

LIFE SAFETY  $\mathscr{G}$  INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

# Remote Booster Power Supplies BPS6A, BPS10A



#### Overview

The Booster Power Supply (BPS) is a UL 864, 9th Edition listed power supply. It is a 24 Vdc filtered-regulated, and supervised unit that can easily be configured to provide additional notification appliance circuits (NACs) or auxiliary power for Mass Notification/ Emergency Communication (MNEC), as well as life safety, security, and access control applications.

The BPS contains the circuitry to monitor and charge internal or external batteries. Its steel enclosure has room for up to two 10 ampere-hour batteries. For access control-only applications, the BPS can support batteries totaling up to 65 ampere-hours in an external enclosure. The BPS has four Class B (convertible to two Class A) NACs. These can be activated in one or two groups from the BPS's unique dual input circuits.

The BPS is available in 6.5 or 10 ampere models. Each output circuit has a capacity of three amperes; total current draw cannot exceed the unit's rating.

The BPS meets current UL requirements and is listed under the following standards:

Standard (CCN)	Description			
UL864 9th ed.ition (UOXX)Fire Alarm Systems				
UL636 (ANET, UEHX7)	Holdup Alarm Units and Systems			
UL609 (AOTX, AOTX7)	Local Burglar Alarm Units and Systems			
UL294 (ALVY, UEHX7)	Access Control Systems			
UL365 (APAW, APAW7)	Police Station Connected Burglar Alarm Units and Systems			
UL1076 (APOU, APOU7)	Proprietary Burglar Alarm System Units			
UL1610 (AMCX)	Central Station Alarm Unit			
ULC-S527 (UOXXC)	Control Units, Fire Alarm (Canada)			
ULC-S303 (AOTX7)	Local Burglar Alarm Units and Systems (Canada)			
C22.2 No. 205	Signaling Equipment (Canada)			

## Standard Features

- Allows for reliable filtered and regulated power to be installed where needed
- Cost effective system expansion
- Provides for Genesis and Enhanced Integrity notification appliance synchronization
- Supports coded output operation
- Self-restoring overcurrent protection
- Multiple signal rates
- Can be cascaded or controlled independently
- Easy field configuration
- On-board diagnostic LEDs identify wiring or internal faults
- Standard EDWARDS keyed lockable steel cabinet with removable door
- 110 and 230 Vac models available
- Accommodates 18 to 12 AWG wire sizes
- Optional tamper switch
- Dual battery charging rates
- Optional earthquake hardening: OSHPD seismic pre-approval for component Importance Factor 1.5

# Application

The BPS provides additional power and circuits for notification appliances and other 24 Vdc loads. It is listed for indoor dry locations and can easily be installed where needed.

Fault conditions are indicated on the on-board diagnostic LEDs, opening the BPS input sense circuit and the trouble relay (if programmed). While this provides indication to the host system, the BPS can still be activated upon command. A separate AC Fail contact is available on the BPS circuit board, which can be programmed for trouble or AC Fail. There are seven on-board diagnostic LEDs: one for each NAC fault, one for battery fault, one for ground fault, and one for AC power.

The unique dual-input activation circuits of the BPS can be activated by any voltage from 6 to 45 VDC (filtered-regulated) or 11 to 33 Vdc (full-wave rectified, unfiltered). The first input circuit can be configured to activate 1-4 of the four possible outputs. The second input circuit can be configured to control circuits 3 and 4. When outputs are configured for auxiliary operation, these circuits can be configured to stay on or automatically deactivate 30 seconds after AC power is lost. This feature makes these circuits ideal for door holder applications. The BPS also has a separate 200 mA 24 Vdc output that can be used to power internal activation modules.

BPS NACs can be configured for a 3-3-3 temporal or continuous output. California temporal rate outputs are also available on certain models. This makes the BPS ideal for applications requiring signaling rates that are not available from the main system.

In addition to the internally generated signal rates, the BPS can also be configured to follow the coded signal rate of the main system NACs. This allows for the seamless expansion of existing NACs.

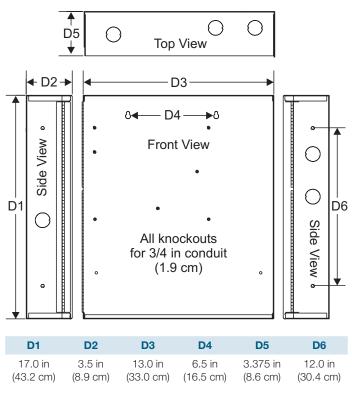
The BPS enclosure has mounting brackets for up to three Signature modules to the right of the circuit board.

## **Engineering Specification**

Supply, where needed, EDWARDS BPS Series Booster Power Supplies (BPS) that are interconnected to and supervised by the main system. The BPS shall function as a stand-alone auxiliary power supply with its own fully-supervised battery compliment. The BPS battery compliment shall be sized to match the requirements of the main system. The BPS shall be capable of supervising and charging batteries having the capacity of 24 ampere-hours for Mass Notification/Emergency Communication (MNEC), life safety and security applications, and the capacity of 65 amperehours for access control applications.

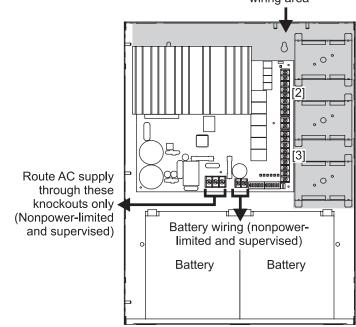
<<The BPS shall be capable of installation for a seismic component Importance Factor of 1.5.>> The BPS shall provide a minimum of four independent, fully supervised Class B circuits that can be field configurable for notification appliance circuits or auxiliary 24 Vdc power circuits. BPS NACs shall be convertible to a minimum of two Class A NACs. Each BPS output circuit shall be rated at 3 amperes at 24 Vdc. Each output circuit shall be provided with automatically restoring overcurrent protection. The BPS shall be operable from the main system NAC and/or EDWARDS Signature Series control modules. BPS NACs shall be configurable for continuous, 3-3-3 temporal or optionally, California rate. Fault conditions on the BPS shall be provided with ground fault detection circuitry and a separate AC fail relay.

#### Dimensions



### Wire routing

Power-limited wiring area



Notes

- 1. Maintain 1/4-inch (6 mm) spacing between power-limited and nonpower-limited wiring or use type FPL, FPLR, or FPLP cable per NEC.
- [2] Power-limited and supervised when not configured as auxiliary power. Nonsupervised when configured as auxiliary power.
- [3] Source must be power-limited. Source determines supervision.
- 4. When using larger batteries, make sure to position the battery terminals towards the door.



#### LIFE SAFETY & INCIDENT MANAGEMENT

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#### Specifications

Model	6.5 amp Booster	10 amp Booster	
AC Line Voltage	120VAC or 220-240VAC 50/60Hz 390 watts	120VAC or 220-240VAC 50/60Hz 580 watts	
Notification Appliance Circuit Ratings	3.0A max. per circuit @ 24Vdc nominal 6.5A max total all NACs	3.0A max. per circuit @ 24Vdc nominal 10A max total all NACs	
Trouble Relay	2 Amps @ 30Vdc		
Auxiliary Outputs	Four configurable outputs replace NACs 1, 2, 3 or 4. as auxiliary outputs and 200 mA dedicated auxiliary. (See note 2.)		
Input Current (from an existing NAC)	3mA @ 12Vdc,	6mA @ 24Vdc	
Booster Internal Supervisory Current	70mA + 35 mA for each circuit set to AUX		
Booster Internal Alarm Current	270	)mA	
Signature Mounting Space	Accomodates three two-gang modules.		
Maximum Battery Size	10 Amp Hours (2 of 12V10A) in cabinet up to 24 Amp hours with ex- ternal battery cabinet for fire and security applications; up to 65 Amp hours for access control applications in external battery box.		
Terminal Wire Gauge	18-12 AWG		
Relative Humidity	0 to 93% non condensing @ 32°C		
Temperature Rating	32° to 120°F (0° to 49°C)		
NAC Wiring Styles	Class A or Class B		
Output Signal Rates	Continuous, California rate, 3-3-3 temporal, or follow installed panel's NAC. (See note 1.)		
Ground Fault Detection	Enable or Disable via jumper		
Agency Listings	UL, ULC, CSFM		

1. Model BPS\*CAA provides selection for California rate, in place of temporal.

2. Maximum of 8 Amps can be used for auxiliary output.

#### Ordering Information

Catalog Number	Description	Shipping Wt. lb (kg)
BPS6A	6.5 Amp Booster Power Supply	13 ( 5.9)
BPS6AC	6.5 Amp Booster Power Supply (ULC)	13 ( 5.9)
BPS6A/230	6.5 Amp Booster Power Supply (220V)	13 ( 5.9)
BPS6CAA	6.5 Amp Booster Power Supply with California rate	13 ( 5.9)
BPS10A	10 Amp Booster Power Supply	13 ( 5.9)
BPS10AC	10 Amp Booster Power Supply (ULC)	13 ( 5.9)
BPS10A/230	10 Amp Booster Power Supply (220V)	13 ( 5.9)
BPS10CAA	10 Amp Booster Power Supply with California rate	13 ( 5.9)

- 1. Requires installation of separate battery cabinet.
- 2. BPS supports batteries greater than 24 Amp hours for access control applications only.
- For earthquake anchorage, including detailed mounting weights and center of gravity detail, refer to Seismic Application Guide 3101676. Approval of panel anchorage to site structure may require local AHJ, structural or civil engineer review.

Related Equipment			
12V6A5	7.2 Amp Hour Battery, two required	3.4 (1.6)	
12V10A	10 Amp Hour Battery, two required	9.5 (4.3)	
3-TAMP	Tamper switch		
BC-1EQ	Seismic Kit for BC-1. Order BC-1 separately. See note 3.		
BPSEQ	Seismic kit for BPS6A or BPS10 Booster Power Supplies. See		
	note 3		
BC-1	Battery Cabinet (up to 2 - 40 Amp Hour Batteries)	58 (26.4)	
BC-2	Battery Cabinet (up to 2 - 17 Amp Hour Batteries)	19 (8.6)	
12V17A	18 Amp Hour Battery, two required (see note 1)	13 ( 5.9)	
12V24A	24 Amp Hour Battery, two required (see note 1)	20 (9.07)	
12V40A	40 Amp Hour Battery, two required (see notes 1, 2)	32 (14.5)	
12V50A	50 Amp Hour Battery, two required (see notes 1, 2)	40 (18.14)	
12V65A	65 Amp Hour Battery, two required (see notes 1, 2)	49 (22.2)	