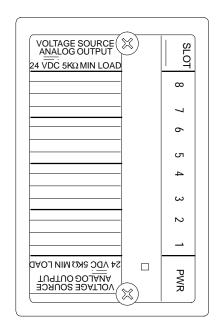
## Analog Output Module IC670ALG310

### 8 Point Isolated Analog Voltage-Source Output Module

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The 8 Point Isolated Analog Voltage-source Output Module (IC670ALG310) accommodates eight voltage outputs in two isolated groups of four. It provides eight channels of analog voltage outputs with user-configurable scaling for each channel.



- Supports 8 channels of output voltages ranging from -10V to +10V with 14-bit resolution.
- Output overrange provided for up to approximately 10.25V.
- Uses both word and bit data types.
- Can be field-recalibrated or reset to factory calibration. All calibration data is stored in FLASH memory.
- Individual channel configuration including output range and scaling parameters.
- Reports Under/Overrange faults.

#### **Power Sources**

The 8 Point Isolated Analog Voltage-source Output Module requires a separate source of power for the outputs.

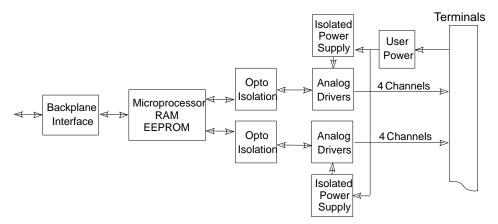
#### LEDs

A single indicator shows module status:

- ON: normal operation
- Intermittent flashing: module fault
- OFF: No backplane power, no user power, or fatal fault.

## **Module Operation**

During operation, the module receives engineering units output data from the Bus Interface Unit (BIU). It scales this data according to its calibration and configured scaling parameters, then converts the data to output voltage in the range of -10V to +10V.



The 8 Point Isolated Analog Voltage-source Output Module provides the following alarms:

- **Over/Underrange**: if an engineering units value sent by the host has resulted in an output value within approximately 50mV of the module's maximum or minimum.
- Loss of User Power
- Uncalibrated Module

If an alarm occurs, the module sets a bit in its optional discrete input data. These alarm bits can be monitored by the application logic. They can be reset by sending appropriate alarm–clearing discrete output data to the module.

#### Host Interface

The 8 Point Isolated Analog Voltage-source Output Module uses the following types of data:

- 0–8 words of analog output data
- 0–3 bytes of discrete input data for module and channel status.
- 0-2 bytes of discrete output data for clearing alarms.

The module exchanges data with a Bus Interface Unit in the same manner as other types of I/O modules—it provides all its input data and status bits when requested by the BIU, and receives fault-clearing commands and analog output data from the BIU.

The module can also be configured for "Group" data transfer with the BIU or with other intelligent devices in the same Field Control station. Group data is described in the *Bus Interface Unit User's Manual.* 

### Compatibility

This module must be used with a Bus Interface Unit revision 2.0 or later.

## Module Configuration Overview

Like other Field Control modules, the 8 Point Isolated Analog Voltage-source Output Module is usually configured from the Bus Interface Unit, using a compatible hand-held programmer. The module's configuration can also be read or written from the bus in a system which supports such configuration. The table below summarizes configuration choices and defaults. The module will power up with the default configuration settings. For configuration instructions, refer to the *Bus Interface Unit User's Manual*.

Module Parameter	Description	Default	Choices		
AnalogOutput Data Length	Length in words for the module's analog output data in the BIU's analog output (AQ) table.	8 words	0-8		
AnalogOutput Reference	Starting offset for the module's analog output data in the BIU's analog output (AQ) table.		Userselected		
Discrete Input Data Length	Length in bits for the module's optional discrete input diagnostic data in the BIU's discrete input (I) table.	24 bits	0, 8, 16, 24		
Discrete Input Reference	Starting offset for the module's diagnostic data in the BIU's discrete input (I) table.		Userselected		
Discrete Output Data Length	Length in bits of the module's optional discrete output fault clearing data in the BIU's discrete output (Q) table.	16 bits	0, 8, 16		
Discrete Output Reference	Starting offset for the module's fault clearing data in the BIU's discrete output (Q) table.		Userselected		
(BIU) Defaults: Input data	If the BIU loses communications with the module, the module's discrete input (diagnostic) data can be set to zero or hold its last state.	Zero	Zero, Hold Last State		
(BIU) Defaults: Output data	If the BIU loses communications with the network, the module's discrete (fault clearing) and analog output data can be set to zero or hold its last state.	Zero	Zero, Hold Last State		
LocalDefaults: Outputs	If a reset or local failure occurs, the module can set the actual outputs to zero or hold their last values (this requires local power).	Zero	Zero, Hold Last State		
Channel Active	Whether a channel will respond to commanded analog and discrete output data and return alarms. If a channel is inactive its output is zero. If a previously-active channel is reconfigured as inactive, any pre-existing alarms can still be cleared using Q data.	Active	Inactive, Active		
Range	e There are two preset scaling ranges. +/-10V (bipolar) range: span and engineering units from +/-10,000. 0 to 10V (unipolar) range: span and engineering units from 0 to 10,000.		+/-10V, 0 to 10V		
Span Low	Actual voltage in millivolts to be scaled to low engineering units.	-10,000	-16,384 to		
Span High	Actual voltage in millivolts to be scaled to high engineering units.		+16,383		
EngineeringLow	Engineering units equivalent of the low span value.	-10,000			
Engineering High	Engineering units equivalent of the high span value.	+10,000	1		

## **Module Features**

#### **Channel Active**

Each channel can be configured as either active or inactive.

If a channel is Inactive, its output is 0V and the analog output data for the channel is not used. Alarm (optional discrete input) data for the channel is not updated for a channel that has been configured as Inactive.

If the configuration of a channel is changed from Active to Inactive, the module stops updating its alarm data. Pre-existing alarms can still be cleared using the module's configured discrete output bits.

#### **Local Output Defaults**

In addition to being able to configure data defaults of zero or hold last state for the module's data in the BIU, local output defaults for the module are also configurable. These module local defaults determine whether the module will set the actual output voltages to zero volts or hold their last values if a module error occurs.

#### Hold Last State

If the output default of a channel is Hold Last State and user power is present, the channel output holds its last value if:

- 1. The BIU resets the module.
- 2. No output data is received from the BIU within the BIU Timeout period.
- 3. Backplane power is lost.
- 4. The module's watchdog timer expires.

Outputs will continue to hold their last states until the module receives output data from the BIU or until user power is removed.

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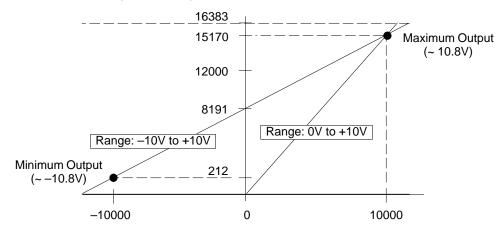
#### Scaling

Scaling defines the constant– slope mapping from the value in engineering units sent by the BIU to a channel's output voltage. There are two preset scaling ranges:  $+ \not\sim 10$  volts and 0 to 10 volts.

The default range selection of +/-10 volts is for bipolar scaling. Both the span and engineering units can range from -10,000 to +10,000 millivolts.

The other preset range, 0 to +10 volts is for unipolar scaling, gives both span and engineering units of 0 to +10,000 millivolts.

The illustration below represents the two preset ranges.



Digital to Analog Converter Output Values

Commanded Value in Engineering Units (in Millivolts)

After selecting either the bipolar or unipolar range (see above), scaling for each point can be customized by changing its high or low engineering units and/or output (span) values.

The scaling values selected do not restrict the hardware output range.

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### 8 Point Isolated Analog Voltage-Source Output Module

# **Module Specifications**

Module Characteristics					
Number of channels (single ended)	8				
Power supply range (see note 1)	18 to 30 VDC, 24 VDC typical. 5% maximum ripple				
Operating temperature range	0 to 55 degrees C ambient				
Isolation to ground and logic	1500 VAC peak for 1 minute, 250 VAC continuous				
Current Drawn from BIU power supply	170 mA maximum				
Current Drawn from external power supply	275 mA maximum at 18V, all outputs -10V into minimum load				
Output Characteristics					
Resolution	14 bits				
Magnitude data size	14 bits				
Accuracy (see note 4): at 25 C from 0 to +55 C	0.15% of full scale (maximum) 0.25% of full scale (maximum)				
Output Range Limits:	-10.25V to +10.25V				
Analogresolution	0.6mV per count, maximum resolution				
Output load capacitance	1μF maximum				
UserLoad	5000 Ohms minimum				
Updatetime	1.5 mS typical				

**note**: In the presence of severe RF interference (IEC 801-3, 10V/m), accuracy may be degraded to  $\pm 2\%$  tolerance.

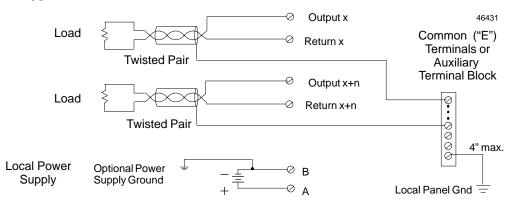
# **Keying Locations**

Optional keying locations for the 8 Point Isolated Analog Voltage-source Output Module are:

	KeyingLocations									
Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K	
1								1	~	

## **Field Wiring**

Instrumentation grade Shielded Twisted Pair wire should be used for best noise immunity. The shield should be terminated at a local panel ground near the module. The following illustration shows typical connections for this module.



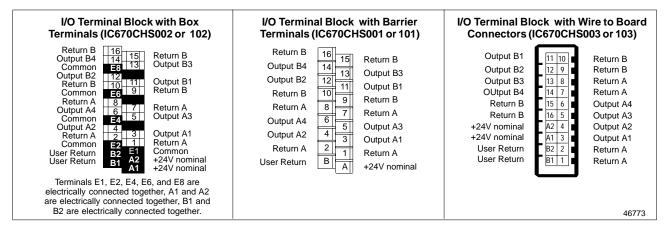
An Auxiliary Terminal Block can be used to provide additional wiring terminals for the shields. Auxiliary Terminal Blocks have all terminals connected together internally. The Auxiliary Terminal Block with box terminals (IC670ACC002) has 13 terminals; each accommodates one AWG #14 (avg 2.1mm<sup>2</sup> cross section) to AWG #22 (avg 0.36mm<sup>2</sup> cross section) wire. The Auxiliary Terminal Block with barrier terminals (IC670ACC001) has nine terminals; each can accommodate one or two wires up to AWG #14 (avg 2.1mm<sup>2</sup> cross section).

#### I/O Terminal Block Terminal Assignments

An Terminal Block with Box Terminals has 25 terminals per module. Each accommodates one AWG #14 (avg 2.1mm<sup>2</sup> cross section) to AWG #22 (avg 0.36mm<sup>2</sup> cross section) wire, or two wires up to AWG #18 (avg. 0.86mm<sup>2</sup> cross section). If an external jumper is used, single-wire capacity is reduced from AWG #14 (2.10mm<sup>2</sup>) to AWG #16 (1.32mm<sup>2</sup>).

AnI/OTerminal Block with Barrier Terminals has 18 terminals per module. Each terminal can accommodate one or two wires up to AWG #14 (avg 2.1mm<sup>2</sup> cross section).

An I/O Terminal Block with Connectors has one 20-pin male connector per module.



All Return terminals are common to each other.

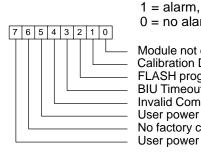
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# **Diagnostics Data**

The 8 Point Isolated Analog Voltage-source Output Module performs diagnostics and provides 24 bits (3 bytes) of diagnostic data to the BIU. Data is placed in the BIU's discrete input (I) data table starting at the configured reference. The module sets the appropriate bit of this data when a diagnostic condition is detected. Diagnostics bits remain set until cleared by the appropriate data outputs, as described below. The condition causing the fault must be corrected, or the module will set the bit again.

Use of this data is optional. The module is easily configured to use all, some, or none of the diagnostic data.

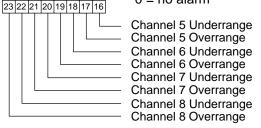
#### Module Diagnostics Bits (byte 0)



0 = no alarm
Module not calibrated
Calibration Data Out of Range
FLASH programming failure
BIU Timeout
Invalid Command
User power sply not OK ch 1–4
No factory calibration available
User power sply not OK ch 5–8

#### Channel Under/Overrange Bits (byte 2)

1 = alarm,0 = no alarm



#### 1 = alarm, 0 = no alarm Channel 1 Underrange Channel 2 Underrange Channel 3 Underrange Channel 3 Overrange Channel 4 Underrange

Channel Under/Overrange Bits (byte 1)