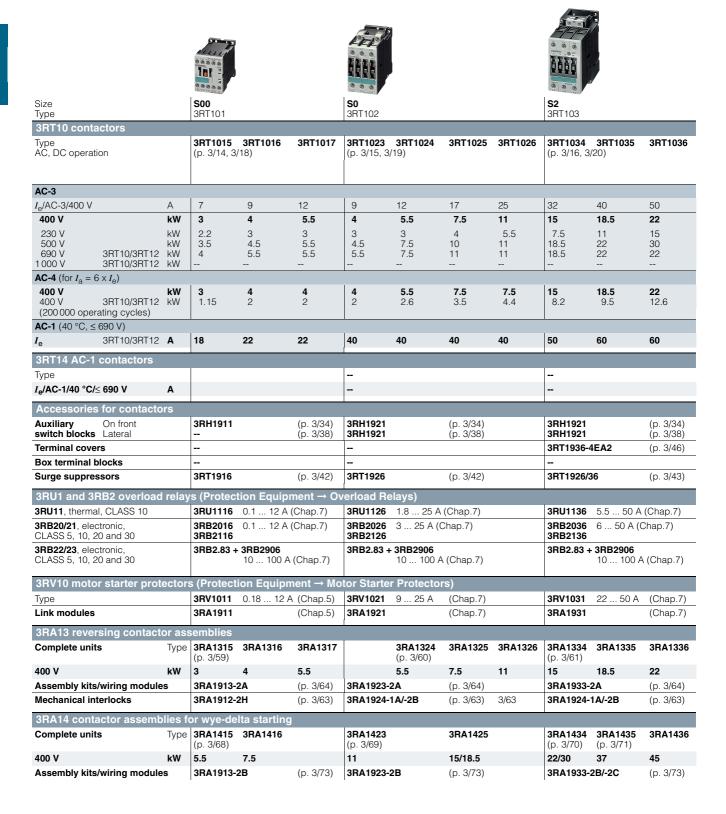
## **Switching Devices – Contactors and Contactor Assemblies**

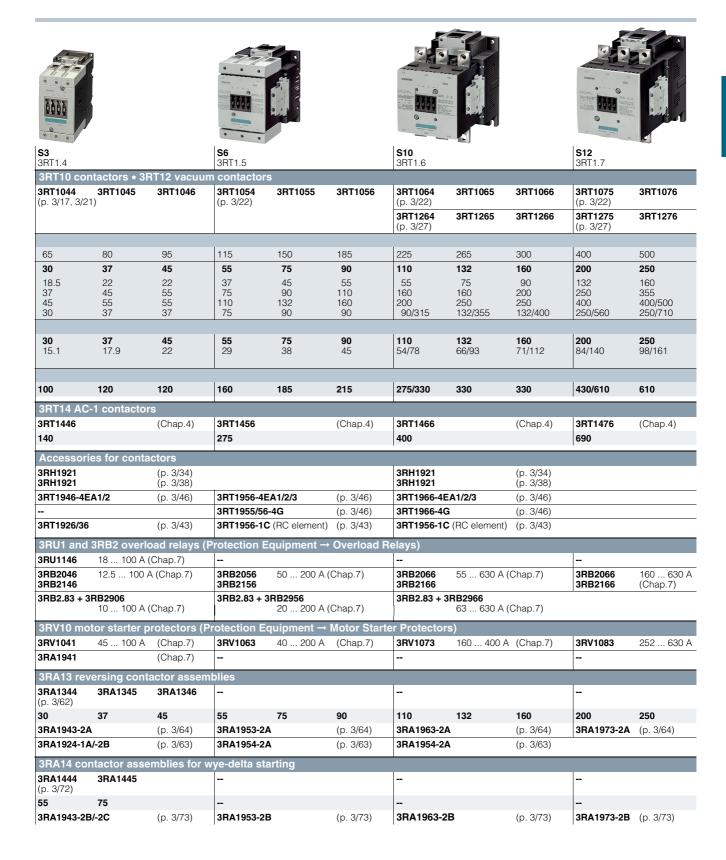
## Introduction

#### Overview



## **Switching Devices – Contactors and Contactor Assemblies**

#### Introduction



#### SIRIUS 3RT10 contactors, 3-pole, 3 ... 250 kW

## Overview

#### Standards

IEC 60947-1, EN 60947-1, IEC 60947-4-1, EN 60947-4-1,

IEC 60947-5-1, EN 60947-5-1 (auxiliary switches)

The 3RT1 contactors are suitable for use in any climate. They are finger-safe according to EN 50274.

#### Connection methods

The 3RT1 contactors are available with screw terminals (box terminals) or spring-type terminals.

The size S3 contactors have removable box terminals for the main conductor connections. This permits connection of ring terminal lugs or busbars.

#### Contact reliability

If voltages  $\leq$  110 V and currents  $\leq$  100 mA are to be switched, the auxiliary contacts of the 3RT1 contactor or 3RH11 contactor relay should be used as they guarantee a high level of contact reliability.

These auxiliary contacts are particularly suitable for solid-state circuits with currents  $\geq$  1 mA at a voltage  $\geq$  17 V.

### Short-circuit protection of the contactors

Short-circuit protection of the contactors without overload relay, see Technical Specifications. For short-circuit protection of the contactors with overload relay, see Configuration Manual "SIRIUS Configuration":

http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/40625241

To assemble fuseless motor feeders you must select combinations of motor starter protector/circuit breaker and contactor as explained in the section on fuseless load feeders.

#### Motor protection

3RU11 thermal overload relays or 3RB20/3RB21 electronic overload relays can be fitted to the 3RT1 contactors for protection against overload. The overload relays must be ordered separately.

#### Ratings of three-phase motors

The quoted rating (in kW) refers to the output power on the motor shaft (according to the nameplate).

#### Surge suppression

3RT1 contactors can be retrofitted with RC elements, varistors, diodes or diode assemblies (assembly of diode and Zener diode for short break times) for damping opening surges in the coil.

#### Note:

The OFF-delay of the NO contact and the ON-delay of the NC contact are increased if the contactor coils are attenuated against voltage peaks (noise suppression diode 6 to 10 times; diode assembly 2 to 6 times, varistor +2 to 5 ms).

#### Sizes S00 to S3, up to 45 kW

#### Auxiliary contact complement

Size S00 contactors have an auxiliary contact integrated in the basic unit. The basic units of sizes S0 to S3 are delivered only with the main contacts and can be extended with auxiliary switch blocks.

For sizes S0 to S3, complete units with mounted auxiliary switch blocks 2 NO + 2 NC are available (terminal designation according to EN 50012); the auxiliary switch block can be removed (for more information, see Accessories, page 3/28).

#### Note:

Auxiliary contact complement according to SUVA: Contactors with permanently mounted auxiliary switch block 2 NO + 2 NC are available for safety applications according to SUVA.

#### Surge suppression

The surge suppressors are plugged onto the front of size S00 contactors. Space is provided for them next to a snap-on auxiliary switch block.

For size S0 to S3 contactors, varistors and RC elements can be snapped on either on the top or directly below the coil terminals. Diode assemblies are available in 2 different versions on account of their polarity. Depending on the application they can be connected either only at the bottom (assembly with motor starter protector/circuit breaker) or only at the top (assembly with overload relay).

The plug-in direction of the diodes and diode assemblies is specified by coding.

Exceptions

3RT1926-1T.00 and 3RT1936-1T.00,

in this case the plug-in direction is marked with "+" and "-".

Coupling contactors are supplied either without overvoltage damping or with a varistor or diode connected as standard, according to the version.

## Sizes S6 to S12, > 45 to 250 kW

- 3RT10, contactors for switching motors
- 3RT12, vacuum contactors for switching motors
- 3RT14, contactors for AC-1 applications (see Chapter 4)

#### Operating mechanism types

Two types of solenoid operation are available:

- Conventional operating mechanisms
- Solid-state operating mechanism (with 3 performance levels)

#### Control supply voltage

The contactors can be operated with an AC operating mechanism (50 to 60 Hz) as well as with DC.

#### Withdrawable coils

For simple coil replacement, e.g. if the application is replaced, the solenoid coil can be pulled out upwards after the release mechanism has been actuated and can be replaced by any other coil of the same size.

## Auxiliary contact complement

Contactor sizes S6 to S12 are supplied with mounted auxiliary switch blocks.

For detailed information about the fitting of auxiliary switches, see Accessories, page 3/28.

- 3RT10 and 3RT14 contactors: Auxiliary contacts mounted laterally and on front
- 3RT12 vacuum contactors: Auxiliary contacts mounted laterally

## Contactors with conventional operating mechanism

#### 3RT1...-.A version

The solenoid coil is switched directly on and off with the control supply voltage  $U_s$  by way of terminals A1/A2.

## Multi-voltage range for the control supply voltage $U_s$

Only one coil covers several close-lying control supply voltages which are used worldwide, e.g. 110–115–120–127 V AC/DC or 220–230–240 V AC/DC. Allowance is made in addition for an operating range of 0.8 times the lower ( $U_{\rm s\ min}$ ) and 1.1 times the upper ( $U_{\rm s\ max}$ ) rated control supply voltage within which the contactor switches reliably and no thermal overload occurs.

## SIRIUS 3RT10 contactors, 3-pole, 3 ... 250 kW

#### Contactors with solid-state operating mechanism

The solenoid coil is supplied selectively with the power required for reliable switching and holding by upstream control electronics.

- Wide voltage range for the control supply voltage U<sub>s</sub>:
   Compared with the conventional operating mechanism, the solid-state operating mechanism covers an even broader range of control supply voltages used worldwide within one coil version. For example, the coil for 200 to 277 V AC/DC (U<sub>s min</sub> to U<sub>s max</sub>) covers the voltages 200-208-220-230-240-254-277 V used worldwide.
- Extended operating range 0.7 to 1.25 x  $U_{\rm S}$ : The wide range for the rated control supply voltage and the additionally allowed coil operating range of 0.8 x  $U_{\rm S}$  min to 1.1 x  $U_{\rm S}$  max results in an extended coil operating range of at least 0.7 to 1.25 x  $U_{\rm S}$ , within which the contactors will operate reliably, for the most common control supply voltages of 24, 110 and 230 V.
- Bridging temporary voltage dips: Control voltage failures dipping to 0 V (at A1/A2) are bridged for up to approx. 25 ms to avoid unintentional tripping.
- Defined ON and OFF thresholds:
   For voltages above 0.8 x U<sub>s min</sub> the electronics will reliably switch the contactor ON, and for voltages below the value 0.5 x U<sub>s min</sub> it is reliably switched OFF. The hysteresis in the switching thresholds prevents the main contacts from chattering as well as increased wear or welding when operated in weak, unstable networks. This also prevents thermal overloading of the contactor coil if the voltage applied is too low (contactor does not close properly and is continuously operated with overexcitation).
- Low control power consumption when closing and in the closed state.

#### Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

The contactors with solid-state operating mechanism conform to the requirements for operation in industrial plants:

- Interference immunity
  - Burst (IEC 61000-4-4): 4 kV
  - Surge (IEC 61000-4-5): 4 kV
  - Electrostatic discharge, ESD (IEC 61000-4-2): 8/15 kV
  - Electromagnetic field (IEC 61000-4-3): 10 V/m
- Emitted interference
  - Limit value class A according to EN 55011

## Note:

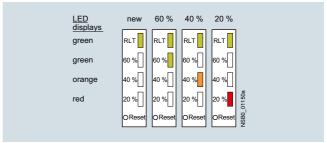
In connection with converters, the control cables must be routed separately from the load cables to the converter.

#### Indication of remaining lifetime (RLT)

Main contactor contacts are working parts which therefore must be replaced in good time when the end of their service life has been reached. The degree of contact erosion and thus the electrical endurance (= number of operating cycles) depends on the loading, utilization category, operating mode, etc. Up to now, routine checks or visual inspections by the maintenance personnel were needed in order to gain an insight into the state of the main contacts. The remaining lifetime indication function now takes over this task. It does not count the number of operating cycles - which does not provide information about contact erosion - but instead electronically identifies, evaluates and stores the actual progress of erosion of each one of the three main contacts, and outputs a warning when specified limits are reached. The stored data are not lost even if the control supply voltage for A1/A2 fails. After replacement of the main contacts, measurement of the remaining lifetime must be reset using the "RESET" button (hold down RESET button for about 2 s using a pen or similar tool).

#### Advantages:

- Signaling through relay contact when remaining lifetime is 20 %, i.e. contact material wear is 80 %
- Additional visual display of various levels of erosion by means of LEDs on the laterally mounted solid-state module when remaining lifetime is 60 % (green), 40 % (orange) and 20 % (red).

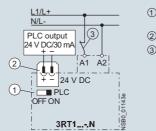


- Early warning to replace contacts
- Optimum utilization of contact material
- Visual inspection of the condition of contacts no longer necessary
- Reduction of ongoing operating costs
- Optimum planning of maintenance measures
- Avoidance of unforeseen plant downtimes

#### 3RT1...-.N version: for 24 V DC PLC output

#### 2 control options:

Control without a coupling link directly through a 24 V DC/≥ 30 mA PLC output (IEC 61131-2). Connection by means of 2-pole plug-in connection. The screwless spring-type connection is part of the scope of supply. The control supply voltage which supplies the solenoid operating mechanism must be connected to A1/A2.

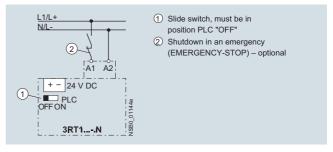


- ① Slide switch, must be in position PLC "ON"
- ② Plug-in connection, 2-pole
- (3) Shutdown in an emergency (EMERGENCY-STOP) optional

#### Note:

Before start up, the slide switch for PLC operation must be moved to the "PLC ON" position (setting ex works: "PLC OFF").

Conventional control by applying the control supply voltage at A1/A2 through a switching contact.

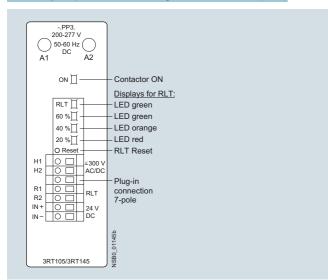


## Note:

The slide switch must be in the "PLC OFF" position (= setting ex works).

#### SIRIUS 3RT10 contactors, 3-pole, 3 ... 250 kW

#### 3RT1...-.P version: for 24 V DC PLC output or PLC relay output, with remaining lifetime indicator (RLT)



To supply the solenoid and the remaining lifetime indicator with power, the control supply voltage  $U_s$  must be connected to terminals A1/A2 of the laterally mounted electronic module. The control inputs of the contactor are connected to a 7-pole plug-in connection; the screwless spring-type connection is part of the scope of supply.

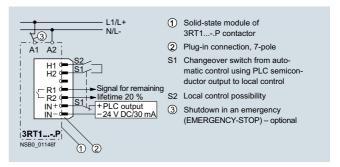
- The "Remaining Lifetime RLT" status signal is available at terminals R1/R2 through a floating relay contact (hard goldplated, enclosed) and can be input to SIMOCODE, PLC or other devices for processing, for example. Permissible current-carrying capacity of the R1/R2 relay
  - $I_{\rm e}$ /AC-15/24 to 230 V: 3 A  $I_{\rm e}$ /DC-13/24 V: 1 A
- LED displays

The following states are indicated by means of LEDs on the laterally mounted solid-state module:

- Contactor ON (energized state): green LED ("ON")
- Indication of remaining lifetime

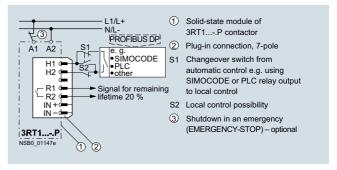
#### 2 control options:

Contactor control without a coupling link directly through a 24 V DC/≥ 30 mA PLC output (IEC 61131-2) by way of terminals IN+/IN-.



Possibility of switching from automatic control to local control by way of terminals H1/H2, i.e. automatic control through PLC or SIMOCODE/PROFIBUS DP can be deactivated e.g. at start-up or in the event of a fault and the contactor can be controlled manually.

- Contactor control through relay outputs at connections H1/H2, e.g. by
  - PLC or
  - SIMOCODE



Contact loading: U<sub>s</sub>/approx. 5 mA.

When operated through SIMOCODE, a communication link to PROFIBUS DP is also provided.

## Article No. scheme

Digit of the article No.	1st - 3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th		8th	9th	10th	11th	12th		13th	14th	15th	16th
						-						-				
SIRIUS power contactors	3 R T															
1st generation		1														
Device type (e.g. 0 = 3-pole motor contactor, 3 = 4-pole AC-1 contactor	or)															
Size of the contactor $(3 = S2, 4 = S3, 5 = S6, etc.)$																
Power dependent on size (e.g. 45 = 37 kW)																
Connection type (1 = screw, 2 = spring)																
Operating range / solenoid coil circuit (e.g. A = AC standard / without	)															
Rated control supply voltage (e.g. P0 = 230 V, 50 Hz)																
Auxiliary switches (e.g. S3: 0 = without auxiliary switches)																
Special version																
Example	3 R T	1	0	4	5	-	1	Α	Р	0	0					

The Article No. scheme is presented here merely for information purposes and for better understanding of the logic behind the article numbers.

For your orders, please use the article numbers quoted in the catalog and in the Industry Mall.

## SIRIUS 3RT10 contactors, 3-pole, 3 ... 250 kW

#### AC operation

PU (UNIT, SET, M) = 1 PS\* = 1 unit PG = 41B









3RT102.-1A.04

3RT102.-1AL24-3MA0

3RT102,-1A,00

3RT102.-3A.00

Rated data		Auxiliary co	ontacts	Rated control	DT	Screw terminals	<b>(1)</b>		Spring-type terminals	$\infty$			
AC-2 and $T_u$ : Up to 6		AC-1, T <sub>u</sub> : 40 °C				supply voltage $U_{\rm s}$ at 50 Hz						for coil terminals	
Opera- tional	Rating <sup>1)</sup> of three-phase	Opera- tional	Ident. No.	Version			Article No.	Price per PU		Article No.	Price per PU		
current $I_e$ up to		current $I_e$ up to		\				perio			perio		
400 V	400 V	690 V		1 1									
Α	kW	Α		NO NC	V AC								

# For screw fixing and snap-on mounting onto TH 35 standard mounting rail

#### Size Sn

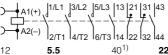
9	4	40 <sup>1)</sup>	 	 24 110 230	➤ 3RT1023-1AB00 ➤ 3RT1023-1AF00 ➤ 3RT1023-1AP00	B B	3RT1023-3AB00 3RT1023-3AF00 3RT1023-3AP00
12	5.5	40 <sup>1)</sup>	 	 24 110 230	➤ 3RT1024-1AB00 ➤ 3RT1024-1AF00 ➤ 3RT1024-1AP00	B B	3RT1024-3AB00 3RT1024-3AF00 3RT1024-3AP00
17	7.5	40 <sup>1)</sup>	 	 24 110 230	➤ 3RT1025-1AB00 ➤ 3RT1025-1AF00 ➤ 3RT1025-1AP00	B B	3RT1025-3AB00 3RT1025-3AF00 3RT1025-3AP00
25	11	40 <sup>1)</sup>	 	 24 110 230	➤ 3RT1026-1AB00 ➤ 3RT1026-1AF00 ➤ 3RT1026-1AP00	B B	3RT1026-3AB00 3RT1026-3AF00 3RT1026-3AP00

## With mounted auxiliary switch block (removable)<sup>2)</sup>

9	4	40 <sup>3)</sup>	22	2	2	24	<b>&gt;</b>	3RT1023-1AB04	-
						110	▶	3RT1023-1AF04	
						230	<b>&gt;</b>	3RT1023-1AP04	
12	5.5	40 <sup>3)</sup>	22	2	2	24	<b></b>	3RT1024-1AB04	-
						110	▶	3RT1024-1AF04	
						230	<b>&gt;</b>	3RT1024-1AP04	
17	7.5	40 <sup>3)</sup>	22	2	2	24	<b></b>	3RT1025-1AB04	-
						110	▶	3RT1025-1AF04	
						230	<b>&gt;</b>	3RT1025-1AP04	
25	11	40 <sup>3)</sup>	22	2	2	24	<b></b>	3RT1026-1AB04	-
						110	▶	3RT1026-1AF04	
						230	▶	3RT1026-1AP04	

## With permanently mounted auxiliary switch block for safety applications according to SUVA

At 50/60 Hz



12	5.5	40 <sup>1)</sup>	22	2	2	230	В	3RT1024-1AL24-3MA0	
17	7.5	40 <sup>1)</sup>	22	2	2	230	А	3RT1025-1AL24-3MA0	
25	11	40 <sup>1)</sup>	22	2	2	230	Α	3RT1026-1AL24-3MA0	

Other voltages according to page 3/25 on request. For accessories, see page 3/34. For spare parts, see page 3/49.

Multi-unit/reusable packaging available on request.

<sup>1)</sup> Guide value for 4-pole standard motors at 50 Hz 400 V AC. The actual starting and rated data of the motor to be switched must be considered when selecting the units.

<sup>2)</sup> Article No. for the auxiliary switch block (removable): 3RH1921-1HA22 (2 NO + 2 NC according to EN 50012; 22).

<sup>3)</sup> Minimum conductor cross-section 10 mm<sup>2</sup>.

## SIRIUS 3RT10 contactors, 3-pole, 3 ... 250 kW

## Options

## Rated control supply voltages, possible on request (change of 10th and 11th digit of the Article No.)

Rated control supply voltage $U_{\rm S}$	Contactor type	3RT101	3RT10 2, 3RT10 3, 3RT10 4	3RT144	3RT13 1, 3RT15 1	3RT13 2 3RT13 4, 3RT15 2, 3RT15 3	3RT1617, 3RT1627, 3RT1647
	Size	S00	S0, S2, S3	S3	S00	S0, S2, S3	S00, S0, S3
Sizes S2 and S3							
AC operation		•					
Solenoid coils for 50 H	lz <sup>1)</sup>						
24 V AC		B0	B0	B0	B0	B0	B0
42 V AC 48 V AC		D0 H0	D0 H0	D0 H0	D0 H0		
110 V AC		F0	F0	F0	F0	F0	F0
230 V AC		P0	P0	P0	P0 U0	P0 U0	P0
240 V AC 400 V AC		U0 V0	U0 V0	U0 V0	V0	V0	U0 V0
Solenoid coils for 50 a	nd 60 Hz <sup>1)</sup>						
24 V AC		B0	C2	C2	B0	C2	C2
42 V AC 48 V AC		D0 H0	D2 H2	D2 H2	D0 H0	D2 H2	
110 V AC		F0	G2	G2	F0	G2	 G2
220 V AC		N2	N2	N2	N2	N2	N2
230 V AC 240 V AC		P0 P2	L2 P2	L2 P2	P0 P2	L2 P2	L2 P2
Solenoid coils (for US	A and Canada <sup>2)</sup> )						
50 Hz 6	0 Hz						
	20 V AC 240 V AC	K6 P6	K6 P6	K6 P6	K6 P6	K6 P6	K6 P6
Solenoid coils (for Jap		-			•	-	-
50/60 Hz <sup>3)</sup>	60 Hz <sup>4)</sup>						
	10 V AC	G6	G6	G6	G6	G6	G6
	220 V AC 440 V AC	N6 R6	N6 R6	N6 R6	N6 R6	N6 R6	N6 R6
DC operation							
12 V DC		A4			A4		
24 V DC 42 V DC		B4 D4	B4 D4	B4 D4	B4 D4	B4 D4	    
48 V DC		W4	W4	W4	W4		
60 V DC		E4	E4	E4 F4	 F4	 F4	
110 V DC 125 V DC		F4 G4	F4 G4	G4	G4	G4	
220 V DC		M4	M4	M4	M4	M4	
230 V DC		P4	P4	P4	P4		
Examples							
•	BRT1034-1A <b>P0</b> 0 BRT1034-1A <b>G2</b> 0			solenoid coil for 50 solenoid coil for 50			
•	BRT1034-3B <b>B4</b> 0 BRT1034-3B <b>G4</b> 0			; for rated control s ; for rated control s			
Rated control supply voltage <i>U</i> s	Contactor type	3RT1. 5A 3RT1. 6A 3RT1. 7A		Rated control supply voltage Us	Contactor type	3RT1. 5N 3RT1. 6N 3RT1. 7N	3RT1. 5P 3RT1. 6P 3RT1. 7P
U <sub>s min</sub> U <sub>s max</sub> <sup>5)</sup>	Size	S6, S10, S12		<i>U</i> <sub>s min</sub> <i>U</i> <sub>s max</sub> <sup>5)</sup>	Size	S6, S10, S12	S6, S10, S12

## UC operation (AC 50 ... 60 Hz, DC)

00 operation (710 00 in 00 in2, 20)				
Conventional operating mechanisms		Solid-state operating mechanisms		
23 26 V AC/DC 42 48 V AC/DC 110 127 V AC/DC 200 220 V AC/DC 220 240 V AC/DC	B3 D3 F3 M3 P3	21 27.3 V AC/DC 96 127 V AC/DC 200 277 V AC/DC	B3 F3 P3	 F3 P3
240 277 V AC/DC 380 420 V AC/DC 440 480 V AC/DC 500 550 V AC/DC 575 600 V AC/DC	U3 V3 R3 S3 T3			
and the second s				

Coil operating range: at 50 Hz: 0.8 to 1.1 x U<sub>s</sub> at 60 Hz: 0.85 to 1.1 x U<sub>s</sub>.
 Coil operating range (sizes S2 and S3): at 50 Hz and 60 Hz: 0.8 to 1.1 x U<sub>s</sub>.

 $<sup>^{3)}</sup>$  Coil operating range (sizes S2 and S3): at 50 Hz: 0.8 to 1.1 x  $U_{\rm S}$  at 60 Hz: 0.85 to 1.1 x  $U_{\rm S}$ 

<sup>4)</sup> Coil operating range: at 60 Hz: 0.8 to  $1.1 \times U_s$ .

<sup>5)</sup> Operating range: 0.8 x  $U_{\rm s \ min}$  to 1.1 x  $U_{\rm s \ max}$ .