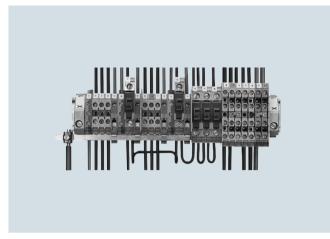
8WA1 Screw Terminals

General data on 8WA

Overview



Terminal strips with different terminal blocks: 8WA1011-1DG11 terminal blocks, 8WA1011-1NG31 N-conductor isolating terminals with feeder terminal for N-busbar 6 \times 6 mm, 8WA1011-1PG00 PE terminals, 8WA1011-1SF12 fuse terminals, and various two-tier terminals. The EN 50022-35-compliant standard mounting rail serves as the PE bar.

Terminal blocks are used for the space-saving connection of incoming and outgoing cables in switchboards and distribution boards.

Standards

EN 60664-1, EN 60999 and IEC 60947-7-1 or IEC 60947-7-2

The terminals are finger-safe acc. to IEC 60529 and DIN EN 50274 (except for bare terminals and solder connections). Through-type terminals are resistant to earthquakes according to IEC 60068-2-6.

Rated short-time withstand current

Our screw terminals are able to withstand a rated short-time current corresponding to a current density of 120 A/mm² specific to the nominal cross-section for a duration of one second.

Colored terminal blocks

With colored wiring according to EN 60204-1, the connecting level can also be included in the colored markings:

- Red for control circuits with AC current
- Blue for control circuits with DC current or neutral conductor
- Orange for interlock circuits with AC or DC current which are fed from outside and are live when the main switch is turned off
- Green-yellow through-type terminals for protective conductors (without connection to the support rail)

Design

The terminal blocks are insulated at both ends, with the exception of two-tier, flat and bolt-type terminals, which are insulated on one side only.

The insulating material for terminal sizes up to 70 mm² is made of thermoplast, polyamide 6.6.

The materials used are environment-friendly: For example, they are cadmium-free and contain no halogens or silicone.

The plastics used are flame-retardant and self-extinguishing according to EN 60695-2-2, VDE 0471, Part 2-2 and UL 94 V-2.

Clamping methods

The terminals are designed so that when the terminal screws are tightened, any tensile stress which occurs causes elastic deformation of the terminal bodies. This compensates for any creepage of the clamping conductor. Deformation of the thread part prevents loosening of the clamping screw, even in the event of heavy mechanical and thermal strain (e.g. vibration stress of $10\ g$ or thermal cycles).

The following clamping methods are used:

- Terminal body with pressure plate for terminal sizes 16, 35 and 70 mm²
- Strain-relief clamps for terminal sizes 2.5, 4 and 6 mm²
- Screw with connection disk for fuse terminals and component terminals

Terminal size

The terminal size corresponds to the nominal cross-section. According to EN 60947-7-1, a finely stranded copper conductor of nominal cross-section can be connected to any clamping point with or without end sleeve.

Mounting

The terminals are snapped onto 35 mm support rails according to IEC 60715 TH35 and secured against movement using end retainers

A lateral mounting tolerance of 0.2 mm must be maintained between the terminals.

Conductor connection

Except for flat and bolt-type versions, all terminal bodies are designed so that solid, stranded and finely stranded conductors with or without end sleeves (according to DIN 46228) can be securely clamped (please observe cross-section).

Damage to the clamped conductors is prevented by pressure plates or strain-relief clamps. For the conductor cross-sections when 1 or 2 conductors are connected, see Technical specifications

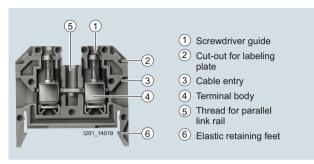
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Connection of aluminum conductors

Siemens screw terminals are suitable for connecting aluminum conductors provided there is compliance with the normal processing guidelines, i.e. the brushing and greasing of the conductors before connection.

After a few days, the connection should be tightened again for safety reasons.



8WA1 through-type terminal with screw terminal at both ends, sectional view

PE and PEN terminals

In switchgear and controlgear systems the support rails for the terminal blocks are frequently used as protective ground busbars. The PE terminals establish the connection to the support rail.

The fact that there is no separate PE busbar means the PE terminals, the insulated main conductor terminals and N-conductor isolating terminals can be arranged according to user requirements. This makes the individual circuits clearly manageable.

The bare 8WA1010-1PH01 PE terminals are primarily used for connecting the shields of shielded cables. They are normally mounted on a standard mounting rail, which is supported by an 8WA1857 insulation carrier and which is equipped with only one PE terminal for connection to the PE conductor.

Accessories

Parallel connection bars

The connection bars are screwed into the terminals from above and allow parallel connection of up to 10 terminals up to terminal size 35 mm². The 10-pole connection bars can be shortened as required. On 70 mm² terminals the connection bars are two-pole.

Barriers

Barriers are yellow in color and project beyond the contours of the terminals. They serve the visual separation of groups of terminals, the electrical isolation of adjacent connection bars and the improvement of the rated insulation voltage for soldered and plug-in connections.

Insulation plates

8WA1825 and 8WA1822-7TK00 insulation plates can be used with different terminals for providing electrical insulation between connection bars.

Test sockets and plugs

The 8WA1854 test sockets for \varnothing 2.3 test plugs and reduction plugs with a \varnothing 4 mm hole can be screwed into some terminals in place of the connection bars.

Disconnecting links

The 8WA1865 disconnecting links provide a detachable connection between two adjacent terminals sizes 2.5 to 6 mm².

Covers with lightning symbol

The purpose of these covers is to identify the power input terminals. At the same time, they provide additional touch protection.

End retainers and end labeling plates

End retainers are available in thermoplastic or galvanized and chromated steel. The end labeling plate can be fitted in an 8WA1808 end retainer or, in any of three positions, in an 8WA1805 end retainer.

TOTAL COLOR TOTAL

General data on 8WA

Technical specifications

Continuous load at increased ambient temperatures

The 8WA1 terminal blocks can withstand an uninterrupted current at ambient temperatures of up to +55 °C. At higher ambient temperatures, a current reduction according to the following formula is required:

 $I_{\text{th2'}} = I_{\text{th2}} \times k$

 $I_{\mathrm{th2}}=$ Uninterrupted current according to selection tables, relative to the nominal cross-section

 $I_{\text{th2'}}$ = Uninterrupted current at increased ambient temperature

= Derating factor according to table

Ambient temperature	Derating factor k
60 °C	0.94
65 °C	0.88
70 °C	0.82
75 °C	0.75
80 °C	0.67
85 °C	0.58
90 °C	0.47
95 °C	0.33

The highest permissible clamping point overtemperature of 45 K specified in IEC 60947-7-1 is not exceeded at an ambient temperature of up to 100 $^{\circ}$ C.

Standard mounting rails as PEN rails

Only use Cu busbars.

They must have the same current carrying capacity as protective conductor busbars.

PEN busbars must carry only terminals and no devices.

Standard mounting rails as protective conductor busbars

Protective conductors with a larger cross-section than the protective conductor busbar, and with the same conductivity, can be connected to standard mounting rails that are also protective conductor busbars and carry current only under fault conditions.

Standard mounting rail acc. to EN 50022-35 and IEC 60715 TH35	Material	Туре	Max. permissible cross-section of connected protec- tive conductor
35 × 7.5	Steel	5ST1 141	16
	Steel, perforated	5ST1 145	16
Similar to 35 × 15	Steel	5ST1 142	35
	Steel		50
	Copper	8WA7551	150 ¹⁾

With 8WA1010-1PQ00 terminal connection of up to 95 mm² finely stranded or 120 mm² stranded.

Clamping points

Terminal size	Type ¹⁾	Thread diameter of terminal screws	Screwdriver blades acc. to DIN 5264 Form B	= test torque acc. to DIN VDE 0609 and DIN VDE 0611	Tensile forces acc. to IEC 60947-1 at max. conductor connection	Stripped length
				Nm	N	mm
1.5	8WA1011 SF, 8WA1011-1EE00	M3.5	0.8 × 4	0.8	40	10
2.5	8WA1 1, 8WA1011-1BF11, 8WA1011-1EF	M2.5 and M3	0.5 × 3	0.5	50	11
	8WA1011F	M2.5	0.8 × 4	0.5	50	11
4	8WA1011 G 8WA2867	M3 M3.5	0.8 × 4	0.5 0.8 1	60	11
6	8WA1 2, 8WA1011 H	M3.5	0.8 × 4	0,8	80	11
16	8WA1 4, 8WA1011 K	M4	0.8 × 4	1.2	100	13
25	8WA2868	M5	1.2 × 6.5	2	135	
35	8WA15, 8WA1011 M 8WA2870	M6	1.2 × 6.5	2.5 2.5 3	190	17
50	8WH1000-0AN00, 8WH1000-0AN01, 8WH1000-0CN07	M6	1.2 × 8	68		24
	8WH1070-0AN00	M6		3 7		6 25
70	8WA1 6	M8	4 hexagon socket-head	6	285	25
95	8WA1010-1PQ00	M8	6 hexagon socket-head	15 20		30
	8WH1000-0AQ00, 8WH1000-0AQ01	M8	6 hexagon socket-head	15 20		33
	8WH1000-0CQ07	M8	6 hexagon socket-head	15 20		30
	8WH1070-0AQ00	M8		6 15		16 25
	8WH1060-0AQ00	M8		25 30		29
150	8WH1000-0AS0.	M10	8 hexagon socket-head	25 30		40
	8WH1070-0AS00	M10		10 18		10 18
	8WH1060-0AS00	M10		25 30		34
240	8WH1000-0AU0.	M10	10 hexagon socket-head	30 35		40
	8WH1060-0AU00	M10		30 35		34

Tightening torque also applicable for accessories (socket, connection bars, etc.).

8WA1 Screw Terminals

General data on 8WA

@ and % rating

Terminal	Туре	CSA rating			UR rating		
size		AWG	Rated current	Rated voltage	AWG	Rated current	Rated voltage
			I_{n}	U _e		I_{n}	U _e
mm²			Α	V		Α	V
1.5	8WA1011-1SF12	18 14	6.3	600	18 14	6.3	600
	8WA1011-1SF24, -2SF24, -4SF24	14	1		14 12	1	AC240/DC60
	8WA1011-1SF25, -2SF25, -4SF25	14	2		14 12	2	AC240/DC60
	8WA1011-1SF26, -2SF26, -4SF26	14	4		14 12	4	AC240/DC60
	8WA1011-1SF27, -2SF27, -4SF27	14	6		14 12	6	AC240/DC60
	8WA1011-1SF28, -2SF28, -4SF28	14	10		14 12	10	AC240/DC60
2.5	8WA1011-1BF21, -1BF22, -1BF23, -1PF11	18 12	25	600	22 12	26	600
	8WA1011-1DF11, -3DF21, -0DF21, -0DF22	18 12	25	600	22 12	26	600
	8WA1011-1NF01, -1NF02	22 12	26	600	22 12	26	600
	8WA1011-3JF				22 12	26	300
	8WA1011-1PF00, 8WA1011-1PF01	22 12			22 12		
	8WA1501	22 12	10	300 D	22 12	10	300
4	8WA1011-1PG00, 8WA1011-1PG01	18 10			18 10		
4	8WA1011-1BG11, -1BG21, -1BG22	18 10	40	600	18 10	35	600
			40	600	18 10	35	600
	8WA1011-1DG11, -3DG21, -0DG21, -0DG22					35	
	8WA1011-1NG31, -1NG32	18 10	40	600	18 10		600
	8WA1011-1PG11	18 10	40	600			
	8WA1011-2BG11, -2DG11	18 10	40	300	18 10	35	600
	8WA1011-6BG11, -6DG11	18 10	40	300	18 10	35	600
	8WA1011-6EG				18 10	34	300
	8WA9200	18 10	25	300	18 10	26	600
6	8WA1011-1PH00				14 8		
	8WA1011-1BH23, -1PH11	16 10	35	600	14 8	44	600
	8WA1011-1DH11, -3DH21	16 8	35	600	14 8	44	600
	8WA1011-1NH01, -1NH02	14 8	44	600	14 8	44	600
	8WA1011-1MH10, -1MH11, -1MH15	16 10	35/40	600/300 C/D	14 8	44	600/300
	8WA1232				1)	24	600
16	8WA1011-1BK11	14 6	70	600	12 4	79	600
	8WA1011-1NK02				12 4	73	300
	8WA1011-1PK00	12 4			12 4		
	8WA1012-1DK10					79	600
	8WA1204, 8WA1304	14 6	70	600	12 4	79	600
	8WA1604				12 4	73	300
25	8WH1060-0AL00	6 4	100	600	6 4	85	600
35	8WA1011-1BM11	12 2	100	600	10 1	120	600
-	8WA1011-1PM00	10 1			10 1		
	8WA1205, 8WA1305	12 2	100	600	10 1	120	600
50	8WH1000-0AN00, 8WH1000-0AN01	6 0	125	600	6 0	150	600
	8WH1000-0CN07				6 1		
	8WH1060-0AN00	6 0	125	600	6 0	150	600
70	8WA1012-1DP14	2/0 1	170	600	6 3/0		600
. 0	8WA1206	8 1/0	150	600	8 3/0	220	600
95	8WH1000-0AQ00, 8WH1000-0AQ01	1 000	220	600	2 000	230	600
90	8WH1000-0AQ00, 8WH1000-0AQ01	2 4	220	000	2 4	230	000
			200	600		230	600
150	8WH1060-0AQ00 8WH1000-0AS0, 8WH1000-0AS01	2 000	200	600	2 000	230	
100	· ·	2 300 kcmil		600	2 300 kcmil		600
240	8WH1060-0AS00	2 300 kcmil		600	2 300 kcmil		600
240	8WH1000-0AU00, 8WH1000-0AU01	0 500 kcmil		600	0 500 kcmil		600
	8WH1000-0AU00	0 500 kcmil	400	600	0 500 kcmil	380	600

¹⁾ Plug-in connection