

1. Identification

CR®

Product identifier	QD™ Contact Cleaner - 311 g	
Other means of identification		
Product Code	No. 72130 (Item# 1006130)	
Recommended use	Electronic cleaner	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	r/Distributor information	
Manufactured or sold by:		
Company name	CRC Canada Co.	
Address	83 Galaxy Blvd	
	Unit 35 - 37	
	Toronto, ON M9W 5X6	
	Canada	
Telephone		
General Information	416-847-7750	
24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)	800-424-9300 (Canada)	
Website	www.crc-canada.ca	
E-mail	Support.CA@crcindustries.com	
2. Hazard identification		
Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Compressed gas
	Physical hazards not otherwise classified	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1
Label elements		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statement	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas ur accumulating flammable liquid can become ele grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Caus dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic	ectrostatically charged even in bonded and and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. May ses skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or
Precautionary statement		
Prevention		

Response	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Other hazards	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	30 - 60
3-methylhexane		589-34-4	10 - 30
n-heptane		142-82-5	10 - 30
2,2,4-trimethylpentane		540-84-1	5 - 10
2-methylhexane		591-76-4	5 - 10
methylcyclohexane		108-87-2	5 - 10
carbon dioxide		124-38-9	3 - 7
2,3-dimethylpentane		565-59-3	1 - 5
3-ethylpentane		617-78-7	1 - 5
naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate		64741-66-8	0.5 - 1.5
3,3-dimethylpentane		562-49-2	0.1 - 1

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
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Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.
6. Accidental release mea	Isures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 3 Aerosol. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	
2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	STEL	500 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	400 ppm	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	
2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)	TWA	1400 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)	STEL	2050 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	1640 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	2050 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	1640 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	STEL	2050 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	1640 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	STEL	2050 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	1640 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	2050 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	1640 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3	
		30000 ppm	
	TWA	9000 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	1610 mg/m3	

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupation Components	canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) Components Type Value		
	.,,,,,	400 ppm	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	1590 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	2050 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	1640 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	
2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	15000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	400 ppm	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	
2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	400 ppm	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control o	f Exposure to Biological or Cl	nemical Agents)	
Components	Туре	Value	
2,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 565-59-3)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
2-methylhexane (CAS 591-76-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3,3-dimethylpentane (CAS 562-49-2)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-ethylpentane (CAS 617-78-7)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-34-4)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	TWA	400 ppm	
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety)

mg/m3
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mg/m3
pm
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) ppm
mg/m3
ppm
mg/m3
pm
mg/m3
pm
mg/m3

Components	nistry of Labor - Regulation respecting Type	Value
		500 ppm
	TWA	1640 mg/m3
		400 ppm
Canada. Saskatchewan OEl Components	∟s (Occupational Health and Safety Re Type	egulations, 1996, Table 21) Value
2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CAS 540-84-1)	15 minute	375 ppm
. ,	8 hour	300 ppm
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	15 minute	30000 ppm
	8 hour	5000 ppm
methylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2)	15 minute	500 ppm
	8 hour	400 ppm
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	15 minute	500 ppm
	8 hour	400 ppm
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	15 minute	500 ppm
	8 hour	400 ppm
logical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for	the ingredient(s).
propriate engineering htrols	should be matched to conditions. If ap or other engineering controls to mainta	air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates plicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation ain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If hed, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Prov
ividual protection measures, Eye/face protection	such as personal protective equipme Wear safety glasses with side shields	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves such as: Polyv	inyl alcohol (PVA). Viton/butyl.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant c	lothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.	
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective cl	lothing, when necessary.
neral hygiene nsiderations		serve good personal hygiene measures, such as washing eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work emove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Hydrocarbon-like.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-195.9 °F (-126.6 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	179.6 °F (82 °C) estimated
Flash point	15.8 °F (-9 °C) estimated

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Evaporation rate	Very fast.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.		
Upper/lower flammability or exp	plosive limits		
Flammability limit - lower (%)	0.9 % estimated		
Flammability limit - upper (%)	12 % estimated		
Vapor pressure	2935.6 hPa estimated		
Vapor density	> 1 (air = 1)		
Relative density	0.73 estimated		
Solubility(ies)			
Solubility (water)	Negligible.		
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	509 °F (265 °C) estimated		
Decomposition temperature	Not available.		
Viscosity	Not available.		
Other information			
Percent volatile	92.5 % estimated		

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Aluminum.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Information on toxicological eff	ects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed a		enters airways.
Components	Species	Test Results
2,2,4-trimethylpentane (CA	S 540-84-1)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	118 mg/l, 4 Hours
3-methylhexane (CAS 589-	34-4)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 20 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
arbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)		
<u>Acute</u> Inhalation		
Gas		170000 00 1 1
LC50	Rat	470000 ppm, 30 minutes
nethylcyclohexane (CAS 108-87-2 <u>Acute</u>)	
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 4000 mg/kg
aphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	light (CAS 64742-49-0)	
Acute	· ·	
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	61 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	3000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
Vapor		
LC50	Rat	> 73.5 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	25000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye rritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritat	ion.
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Canada - Alberta OELs: Irrita		
2,2,4-trimethylpentane (C	AS 540-84-1) Irritant	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization	tion.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any compor mutagenic or genotoxic.	ents present at greater than 0.1% are
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive of	or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
Components	Species		Test Results
methylcyclohexane (CAS 10	8-87-2)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Striped bass (Morone saxatilis)	5.8 mg/l, 96 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotr	eated light (C	CAS 64742-49-0)	
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
n-heptane (CAS 142-82-5)			
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.1 - 2.98 mg/l, 96 hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is	available on the degradability of any ingredier	nts in the mixture.
Bioaccumulative potential			
Partition coefficient n-octa	nol / water (og Kow)	
2,2,4-trimethylpentane		5.18	
methylcyclohexane		3.61	
n-heptane Bioconcentration factor (B		4.66	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotr		10 - 25000	
Mobility in soil	No data a	vailable.	
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.		

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

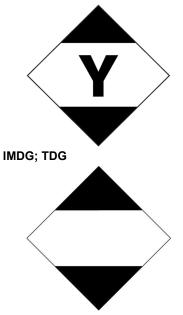
14. Transport information

TDG	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	80
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Material names ODTM Contact Classes	

ERG Code Special precau Other informati		10L Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Passenger aircraft	and cargo	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo airci	aft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	-	
UN number		UN1950
UN proper ship	ping name	AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Transport haza	rd class(es)	
Class		2.1
Subsidiary	risk	-
Packing group		Not applicable.
Environmental	hazards	
Marine pol	utant	Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
EmS		Not available.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

ΙΑΤΑ



15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated. Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3) Not listed. Greenhouse Gases carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Precursor Control Regulations Not regulated. International regulations Stockholm Convention Not applicable. Rotterdam Convention Not applicable. Kyoto protocol

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Listed.

Montreal Protocol Not applicable. **Basel Convention** Not applicable. International Inventories Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)* Australia Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) No Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) No Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) Yes China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) Yes Europe European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Yes Substances (EINECS) European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No Europe Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) No Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Korea Yes New Zealand New Zealand Inventory Yes Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances Yes (PICCS) Taiwan Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) Yes United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

lssue date Version # Further information	05-09-2019 01 CRC # 1750971
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Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.